

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, VALUES ARE ON A PER-TUBE BASIS

GENERAL DATA
Electrical:
Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:
Heater Arrangement <u>Series</u> <u>Parallel</u>
Voltage 12.6 ± 10% 6.3 ± 10% acordc volts
Current 0.8 1.6 amp
Transconductance (Approx., each unit) For grid-No.2 volts = 135 and plate ma. = 30 3500 μmhos
Mu-Factor, Grid No.2 to Grid No.1
(Approx., each unit) For grid-No.2 volts = 250 and plate ma. = 30 6.5
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Each Unit): Grid-No.1 to Plate ^O
Input 8.0 $\mu\mu$ f
Output 3.8 μμf
Grid-No.2-to-Cathode Capacitance including internal grid-No.2
bypass capacitor (Approx.) 65 $\mu\mu$ f
O with external shield in plane of seal flange.
Mechanical:
Mounting Position Any
Overall Length
Seated Length
Bulb Terminals See Outline Drawing
Base Medium Molded—Flare Septar 7—Pin (JETEC No.E7—2) Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW
A
Pin 1-Heater Pug 4 Pu, Pin 6-Grid No.1 of Pin 2-Grid No.1 of Unit No.1
Unit No.2 Pin 7-Heater
Pin 3-Grid No.2
Pin 4 - Cathode, (2) (4) Py1 - Plate of Unit No.1
Pin 5-Heater Pu2-Plate of
Center-Tap I _{A'} Unit No.2
PLANE OF ELECTRODES OF EACH UNIT IS PARALLEL TO PLANE THROUGH AXIS OF TUBE AND AA'
Bulb Temperature (At hottest point) 200 max.
PLATE-MODULATED PUSH-PULL RF POWER AMP Class C Telephony
Carrier conditions per tube for use with a max.modulation factor of 1.0
Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:
CCS ICAS ••
DC PLATE VOLTAGE 600 max. 600 max. volts DC GRID-No.2 (SCREEN) VOLTAGE 250 max. 250 max. volts
DC GRID-NO.2 (SCREEN) VOLTAGE 250 max. 250 max. Votts
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	PUSH-PULL RF BEAM	I O WE	K AMI LIP	IEK			
		ccs•	ICAS**				
	DC GRID-No.1 (CONTROL- GRID) VOLTAGE	-175 max.	-175 max.	volts			
	DC PLATE CURRENT	75 max.	95 max.	ma			
į	DC GRID-No.1 CURRENT	6 max.	6 max.	ma			
i	PLATE INPUT	22 max.	36 max.	watts			
	GRID-No.2 INPUT	3.4 max.	5 max.	watts			
	PLATE DISSIPATION	10 max.	15 max.	watts			
	PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE: Heater negative with						
	respect to cathode. Heater positive with	100 max.	100 max.	volts			
	respect to cathode.	100 max.	100 max.	volts			
>	Typical Operation						
	DC Plate Voltage	425 600		volts			
	DC_Grid=No.2 Voltage#	200 200	200	volts			
		000 25000	20000	ohms			
		-60 -65	-70 22000	volts			
	Peak RF Grid-No.1-to-	000 25000	23000	ohms			
Ì	Grid-No.1 Voltage .	140 150	160	volts			
	DC Plate Current	52 36	60	ma			
- 1	DC Grid-No.2 Current	16 16	20	ma			
	DC Grid-No.1 Cur. (Approx.)	2.4 2.6	3.0	ma			
		.15 0.18	0.21	watt			
	Power Output (Approx.)	16 17	l 26	watts			
į	PUSH-PULL RF POWER AMPLIFIER & OSCILLATOR-Class C Telegraphy						
	Key-down conditions peτ t	ube without s	nodulation DC				
>	Maximum Ratings, Absolute Value	s: CCS•	ICAS**				
	DO DI ATE VOI TAGE						
	DC PLATE VOLTAGE	750 max.	750 max.	volts			
	DC GRID-No.2 (SCREEN) VOLTAGE DC GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-	250 max.	250 max.	volts			
	GRID) VOLTAGE	-175 max.	-175 max.	volts			
	DC PLATE CURRENT	90 max.	115 max.	ma			
	DC GRID-No.1 CURRENT	6 max.	6 max.	ma			
	PLATE INPUT	36 max.	50 max.	watts			
	GRID-No.2 INPUT	5 max.	5 max.	watts			
	PLATE DISSIPATION	15 max.	20 max.	watts			
	# Obtained from a separate source m from the modulated plate supply thr shown.	nodulated wit ough a serie:	h the plate sup s resistor of th	ply, or e value			
	Obtained from a grid resistor of v self-bias methods.						
	OD Modulation essentially negative m the audio-frequency envelope does ditions.	nay be used inot exceed 1:	f the positive 15 % of the carri	peak of er con—			
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		ccs•	ICA	s••	
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:					
Heater negative with respect to cathode . Heater positive with	. 1	00 max.	100	max. vo	olts
respect to cathode .	. 1	00 max.	100	max. vo	olts
Typical Operation:					
DC Plate Voltage	500	750	750	V	olts
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage**	200	200	200	V	olts
From series resistor of	21000	37000	25000	(ohms
DC Grid-No.1 Voltage [®]	-65	- 65	-50	V	olts
From grid resistor of	25000	23000	12500	(hms
From cathode resistor of .	730	1000	550	(ohm:
Peak RF Grid-No.1-to-					
Grid-No.1 Voltage	150	150	130	V	olt:
DC Plate Current	72	48	65		ma
DC Grid-No.2 Current	14	15	22		ma
DC Grid-No.1 Current (Approx.)	2.6	2.8	4.0		ma
Driving Power (Approx.)	0.18	0.19	0.24	1	wati
Power Output (Approx.)	26	26	35	W	atts

CHARACTERISTICS RANGE VALUES FOR EQUIPMENT DESIGN

	Note	Min.	Max.	- 1
Heater Current (Each section).	1	0.76	0.84	amp
Grid No.1-Plate Capaci-				1
tance (Each unit)	2	_	0.07	$\mu\mu$ f
Input (Each unit)		6.6	9.4	μμf
Output (Each unit)	_	2.8	4.8	μμf
Plate Current (Each unit)	3	18	42	ma
Grid-No.2 Current (Each unit).	3	0.1	5.5	ma
Positive Grid-No.1	_			
Current (Each unit)	4	8	52	ma
Useful Power Output (Per tube)	5	14	_	watts
l ' '				

Note 1: With 6.3 volts on heater section under test.

Note 2: With external shield in plane of seal flange.

Note 3: With 6.3 volts on heater sections in parallel, dc plate voltage of 250 volts on unit under test, dc grid-No.2 voltage of 135 volts, dc grid-No.1 voltage of -10 volts on unit under test, and dc grid-No.1 voltage of -100 volts on unit not under test.

Note 4: With 6.3 volts on heater sections in parallel, dc plate voltage of 90 voltson unit under test, dc grid-No. 2 voltage of 90 volts, dc grid-No.1 voltage of +20 volts on unit under test, and dc grid-No.1 voltage of -100 volts on unit not under test.

Note 5: In a push-pull self-excited oscillator circuit with 11 volts on heater sections in series, dc plate voltage of 400 volts on each unit, max. dc grid-No.2 voltage of 250 volts, total dc plate current of 90 ma., total dc grid-No.1 current of 2 to 6 ma., grid-No.1 resistor of 8000 to 18000 ohms, and frequency of 200 megacycles per second.

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· Continuous Commercial Service.

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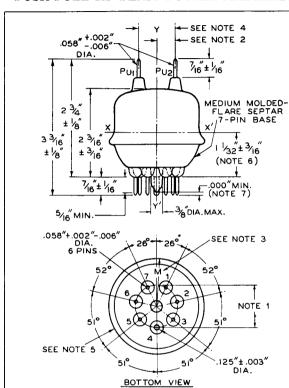
- •• Intermittent Commercial and Amateur Service.
- The grid-circuit resistance should never exceed 25000 ohms (total) per tube; or 50000 ohms per unit. Any additional bias required must be supplied by a cathode resistor or a fixed supply.
- ** Obtained from a separate source, or from the plate-voltage supply with a voltage divider, or through a series resistor of value shown. The grid-Mo. 2 voltage must not exceed 600 volts under key-up conditions.

Data on operating frequencies for the 832-A are given on the sheet TRANS. TUBE RATINGS vs FREQUENCY

OPERATING NOTES

Shielding of the 832-A in an rf amplifier is required for stable operation. A convenient method of shielding is to mount the tube with one end through a hole in a metal plate so that the edge of the hole is close to the internal shield of the tube. Due to the importance, at the ultrahigh frequencies, of obtaining the shortest leads possible, rf bypassing must be accomplished close to the tube terminals. Ribbon leads acting as plates of the bypassing capacitors are effective. All circuit returns should be made to the common cathode connection. Rf chokes may be advisable in the voltage-supply leads.





THE REFERENCE AXIS YY' IS DEFINED AS THE AXIS OF THE BASE-PIN GAUGE DESCRIBED IN NOTE I

92CM-6374R3

NOTE I: ANGULAR VARIATIONS BETWEEN PINS AND VARIATION IN PIN-CIRCLE DIAMETER ARE HELD TO TOLERANCES SUCH THAT PINS WILL ENTER TO A DISTANCE OF 0.375" A FLAT-PLATE BASE-PIN GAUGE HAVING SIX HOLES 0.0800" ± 0.0005" AND ONE HOLE 0.1450" ± 0.0005" ARRANGED ON A 1.0000" ± 0.0005" CIRCLE AT SPECIFIED ANGLES WITH TOLERANCE OF ± 5' FOR EACH ANGLE. GAUGE IS ALSO PROVIDED WITH A HOLE 0.500" ± 0.010" CONCENTRIC WITH PIN CIRCLE WHOSE CENTER IS ON THE AXIS YY'.

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PUSH-PULL RF BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER

NOTE 2: THE PLATE LEADS WILL ENTER A FLAT-PLATE PLATE-LEAD GAUGE HAVING MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 0.375" AND HAVING TWO HOLES 0.2000" ± 0.0005" WHOSE CENTERS ARE LOCATED AT A DISTANCE OF 0.424" ± 0.001" FROM THE AXIS YY' AND WHOSE AXES ARE PARALLEL TO YY'. THE PLANE THROUGH THESE AXES WILL BE 90° ± 5' FROM THE PLANE THROUGH YY' AND PIN No.4.

NOTE 3: WHEN THE TUBE IS SEATED IN THE BASE-PIN GAUGE AND CONSTRAINED BY THE PLATE-LEAD GAUGE OF NOTE 2, THE MAXIMUM RADIUS'M'IS DETERMINED BY LOWERING OVER THE TUBE A CYLINDER GAUGE HAVING A RADIUS OF 1.156" + 0.000" - 0.003" WHOSE AXIS IS COINCIDENT WITH THE YY' AXIS.

NOTE 4: THE PLATE LEADS WILL ENTER A FLAT-PLATE PLATE-LEAD GAUGE HAVING MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 0.375" AND HAVING TWO HOLES 0.2000" ± 0.0005" WHOSE CENTERS ARE SPACED 0.848" ± 0.001" FROM EACH OTHER.

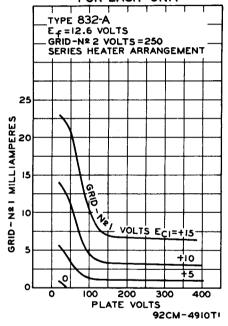
NOTE 5: MINIMUM DIAMETER OF TUBE-SEAL FLANGE WILL BE SUCH THAT A RING GAUGE HAVING I.D. OF 2.125" - 0.000" + 0.003" AND THICKNESS OF 0.125" ± 0.010" WILL NOT PASS THE FLANGE WHEN TRIED AT ANY ANGLE.

NOTE 6: A FLAT-PLATE FLANGE GAUGE WITH HOLE 2.063" - 0.000" + 0.003" IS LOWERED OVER TUBE SEATED IN BASE-PIN GAUGE SO THAT THE HOLE AXIS IS COINCIDENT WITH AXIS YY! WITHIN 0.150", AND SO THAT THE BOTTOM SURFACE OF THE FLANGE GAUGE IS PARALLEL TO THE TOP SURFACE OF THE BASE-PIN GAUGE, AND UNTIL THE FLANGE GAUGE RESTS ON THE TUBE-FLANGE SEAL AT POSITION XX'. THE PERPENDICULAR DISTANCE BETWEEN THE TWO GAUGES WILL BE AS SHOWN.

NOTE 7: EXHAUST TIP WILL NOT EXTEND BEYOND THE PLANE WHICH PASSES THROUGH THE ENDS OF THE THREE LONGEST PINS.

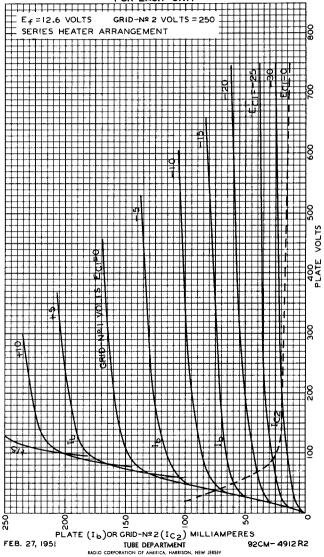


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR EACH UNIT





AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS FOR EACH UNIT



FEB. 27, 1951

92CM-4912R2